

Sample 1000 Adult Interviews  
Conducted March 18 - 21, 2016  
Margin of Error ±3.9%

1. In general, do you believe that men and women are equal?

Yes ..... 77%  
No ..... 19%  
Not sure ..... 5%

2. On average, do you believe that men and women are physically equal?

Yes ..... 17%  
No ..... 77%  
Not sure ..... 6%

3. Do you support or oppose women being allowed to serve in non-combat roles in the military?

Strongly support ..... 64%  
Somewhat support ..... 25%  
Somewhat oppose ..... 3%  
Strongly oppose ..... 4%  
Not sure ..... 5%

4. Do you support or oppose women being allowed to serve in combat roles in the military?

Strongly support ..... 36%  
Somewhat support ..... 29%  
Somewhat oppose ..... 13%  
Strongly oppose ..... 16%  
Not sure ..... 6%

5. Do you think that allowing women to serve in combat roles will increase or decrease the effectiveness of the American military?

Increase .....	22%
Have no impact .....	38%
Decrease .....	22%
Not sure .....	18%

6. How serious of a problem do you think the following issues are in the military?

	Very serious	Somewhat serious	Not very serious	Not at all serious	Not sure
Sexism	38%	32%	12%	5%	12%
Racism	24%	28%	20%	13%	15%
Homophobia	32%	26%	15%	9%	17%
Sexual assault	47%	29%	9%	3%	12%

7. Who do you think does a better job handling the issues listed below, civilian employers or the military?

	Civilian employers	The military	Neither one	Not sure
Sexism	27%	11%	37%	24%
Racism	22%	18%	34%	26%
Homophobia	29%	9%	33%	28%
Sexual assault	32%	11%	33%	24%

8. If the military draft were reinstated, would you favor or oppose drafting women as well as men?

Strongly favor .....	25%
Somewhat favor .....	27%
Somewhat oppose .....	14%
Strongly oppose .....	21%
Not sure .....	13%

<b>Interviewing Dates</b>	March 18 - 21, 2016
<b>Target population</b>	U.S. citizens, aged 18 and over.
<b>Sampling method</b>	Respondents were selected from YouGov's opt-in Internet panel using sample matching. A random sample (stratified by gender, age, race, education, voter registration, political ideology, party identification, geographic region, and voter registration) was selected from the 2014 American Community Study. Voter registration and party identification were imputed from the November 2014 Current Population Survey Registration and Voting Supplement.
<b>Weighting</b>	The sample was weighted using propensity scores based on gender, age, race, education, political ideology, geographic region and voter registration. The weights range from 0.078 to 7.594, with a mean of one and a standard deviation of 0.78.
<b>Number of respondents</b>	1000
<b>Margin of error</b>	± 3.9% (adjusted for weighting)
<b>Survey mode</b>	Web-based interviews
<b>Questions not reported</b>	20 questions not reported.